

# Doctor of Nursing Practice Project Complementary and Alternative Medicine Communication in Primary Care Frances M. Karnuth Project Advisor: Penelope Callaway



# Background

- ➤ CAM refers to various modalities used together with conventional medicine (National Center for Complementary and Integrative Health, 2021).
- ➤ 1 out of 2 adults have tried some form of alternative medicine (Funk et al., 2017).
- The International Complementary and Alternative Medicine Questionnaire (I-CAM-Q) survey identifies CAM usage (Quandt et al., 2009).
- ➤ Improving communication is essential to reduce drug-herb interactions (Stub et al., 2020).
- ➤ Nationally, only 33% of CAM users disclose usage to providers (Foley et al., 2019).
- ➤ Previous studies note patients' willingness and desire for transparent conversations about CAM usage (Stub et al., 2020; Foley et al., 2019; Jou & Johnson, 2016).
- The top reason for nondisclosure is that the provider does not ask (Stub et al., 2020; Foley et al., 2019; Jou & Johnson, 2016).

# Purpose

- ➤ Utilize I-CAM-Q as a communication tool to bridge the communication gap.
- > Increase patient-provider interactions about CAM usage.
- > Improve communication about CAM use.
- > Reduce the risk of negative outcomes from CAM usage.

#### Method

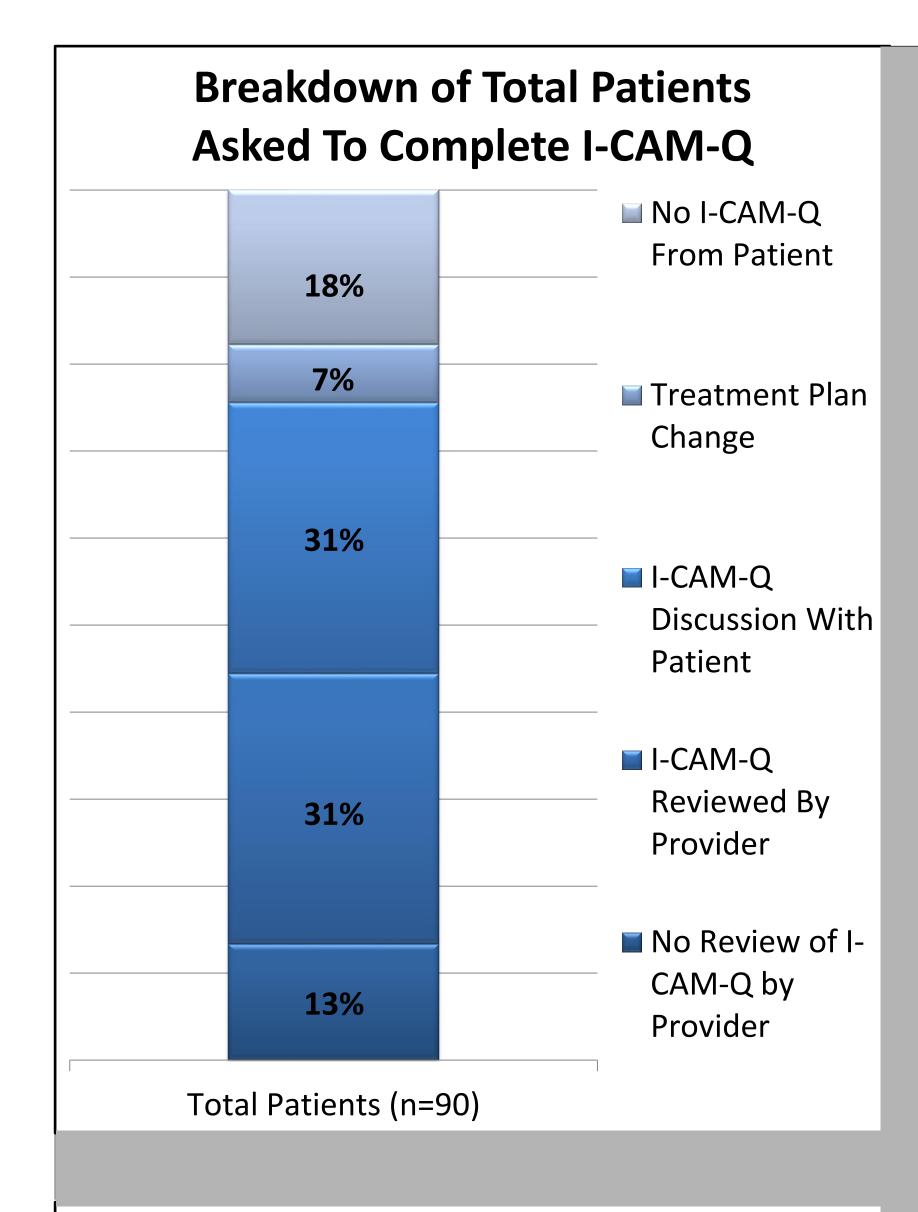
- > Primary care family practice setting.
- Focused on provider actions regarding I-CAM-Q information.
- > I-CAM-Q tool identified CAM usage.
- Modified I-CAM-Q included a "For Office Use" section.
- ➤ I-CAM-Q included with new patient information packet, which new patients voluntarily completed.

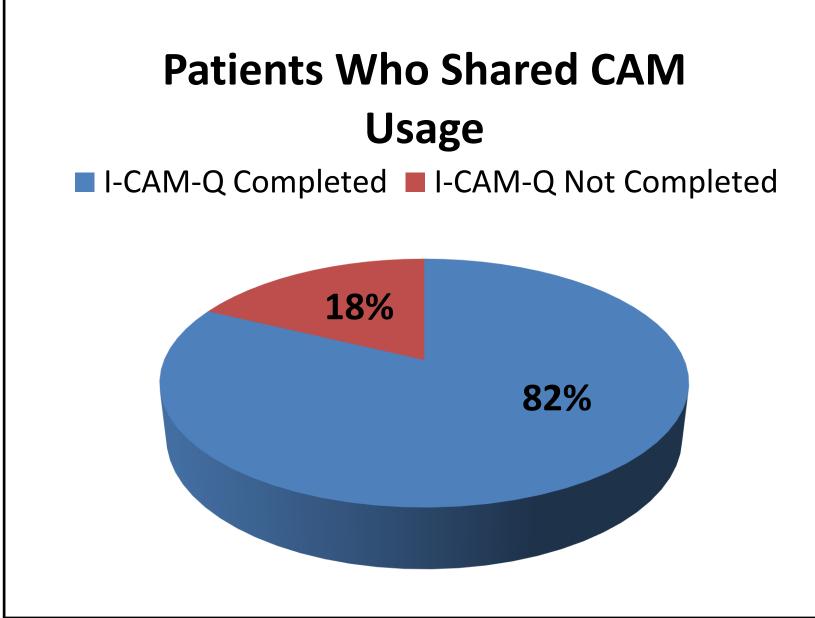
- Data Collected
- Number of new patients
- Surveys completed
- Surveys reviewed by providers
- Discussion following survey review
- Changes made as a result of discussion
- ➤ Data collected evaluated effectiveness of I-CAM-Q to improve communication.

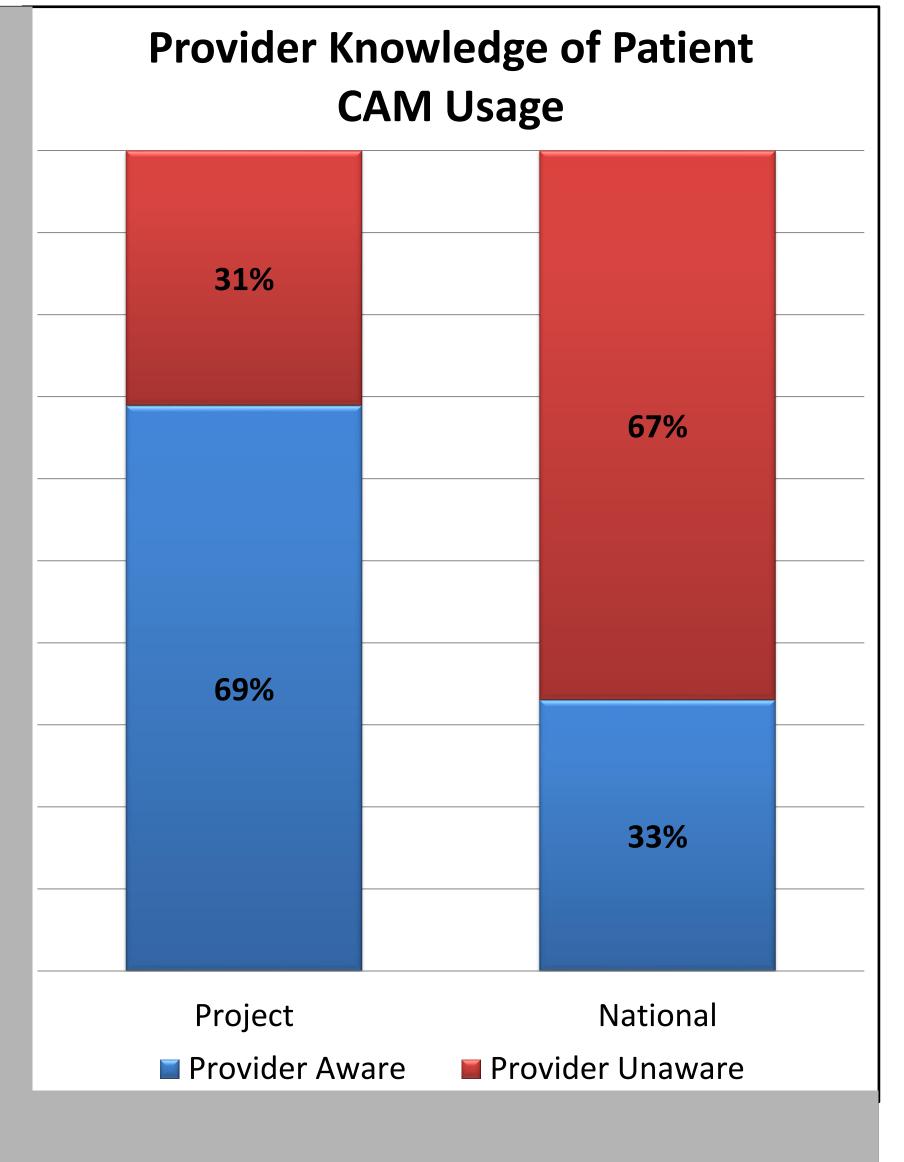
## Discussion

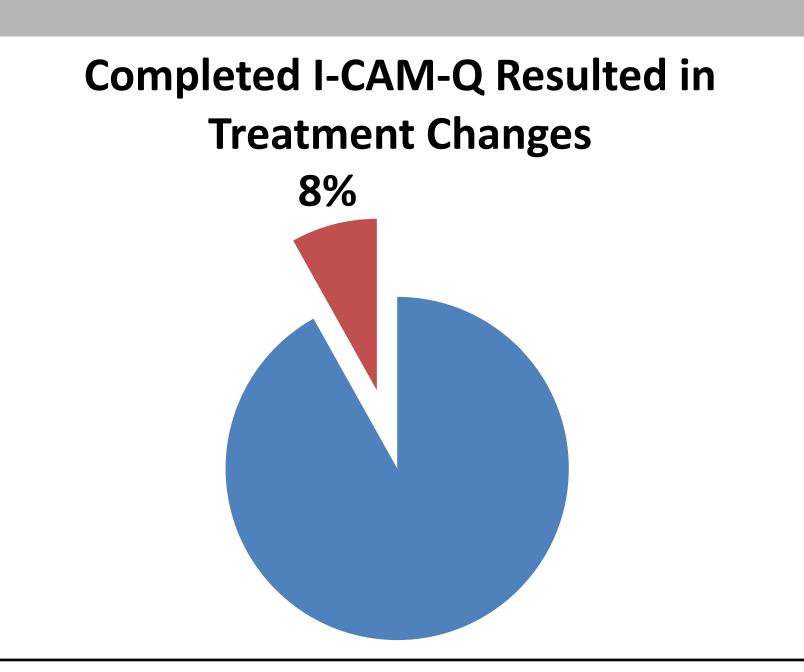
- ➤ Provider knowledge of CAM usage (69%), including all patients who completed an I-CAM-Q, is higher than the national average (33%).
- ➤ 82% of patients shared CAM usage by completing the I-CAM-Q, indicating the willingness of patients to share CAM usage.
- ➤ Completion of the I-CAM-Q resulted in treatment changes in 8% of patients

## Results









## Conclusion

- ➤ The I-CAM-Q is an effective communication tool for CAM usage.
- Providers were more aware of CAM usage by their patients than the national average.
- ➤ Increased communication about CAM resulted in treatment changes.
- Recommendations
- Develop and explore other tools for patients to communicate CAM usage.
- Repeat project in various settings, i.e., rural and urban.
- Expand project to more providers, patients for longer duration.
- Increase scope of project to include patient population and data provided in I-CAM-Q.
- Add a data point to better understand the reason questionnaires are not reviewed by the provider.
- Continue use of a CAM communication tool by providers.